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## NOIDA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA

(An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow)

**M.Tech (Integrated)** 

**SEM: II - THEORY EXAMINATION (2024-2025)** 

**Subject Engineering Mathematics-II** 

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks:100

## **General Instructions:**

**IMP:** Verify that you have received question paper with correct course, code, branch etc.

- 1. This Question paper comprises of **three Sections -A, B, & C**. It consists of Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ's) & Subjective type questions.
- 2. Maximum marks for each question are indicated on right hand side of each question.
- 3. Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
- 4. Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 5. Preferably, write the answers in sequential order.
- 6. No sheet should be left blank. Any written material after a blank sheet will not be evaluated/checked.

- 1. Attempt all parts:-
- 1-a. The degree of a differential equation  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 7 \sin x = -3$  is (CO1,K1)
  - (a) 1
  - (b) 2
  - (c) 3
  - (d) 4
- 1-b. The P.I. of the differential equation differential  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 6\frac{dy}{dx} + 9y = 5e^{3x}$  is (CO1,K1)
  - (a)  $\frac{2x}{36}e^{3x}$
  - (b)  $\frac{1}{36}e^{3x}$

	$(c) \qquad \frac{5x}{36}e^{3x}$	
	(d) $\frac{5}{36}e^{3x}$	
1		1
1-c.		1
	$x + x^3$ with interval $-\pi < x < \pi$ is (CO2, K1)	
	(a) $\pi$	
	(b) $2\pi$	
	(c) 0	
	(d) $-\pi$	
1-d.	Raabe's test fails if $\lim_{n\to\infty} n\left(\frac{u_n}{u_{n+1}}-1\right)$ is equal to (CO2, K1)	1
	(a) 1	
	(b) 2	
	(c) -1	
	(d) 0	
1-e.	The Laplace transform of Unit step function $u(t - a)$ is (CO3,	1
	K1)	
	(a) $e^{-as}$	
	(b) $\frac{e^{-as}}{s}$	
	(c) $se^{-as}$	
	$_{ ho}as$	
	(d) $\frac{c}{s}$	
1-f.	The inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{1}{\sqrt{s+a}}$ is (CO3, K1)	1
	(a) $e^{-at}/t$	
	(b) $e^{-at}/\sqrt{\pi}t$	
	(c) $e^{-at}/\sqrt{\pi-t}$	
	(d) None of these	
1-g.	Divergence of the vector field $x^2z\hat{\imath} + xy\hat{\jmath} - yz^2\hat{k}$ at $(1,-1,1)$ is	1
	(CO4, K1)	
	(a) 0	
	(b) 2	
	(c) 5	
	(d) 4	

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	(CO5,K1) SECTION – B	30
2.e.	Pointing to a photograph of a boy Suresh said, "He is the son of the only son of my mother." How is Suresh related to that boy?	2
2	(CO4,K1)	•
2.d.	State Green's theorem in a Plane.	2
2.c.	Find the Laplace transform of $te^{-t}$ sint. (CO3,K2)	2
2.0	(CO2,K2)  Find the Laplace transform of $ta^{-t}$ sint	2
2.b.	. (CO1,K1) Expand for f(x)=k for 0 <x<2 a="" half="" in="" range="" series.<="" sine="" td=""><td>2</td></x<2>	2
2.a.	Find the solution of the differential equation $\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} - 7\frac{dy}{dx} - 6y = 0$	2
2. At	tempt all parts:-	
	(d) 7 m	
	(c) 8 m	
	(b) 10 m	
	(a) 6 m	
<b>-</b> J.	respectively. Then height is (CO5, K1)	-
1-j.	If the volume and base area of cuboid are $144 m^3$ and $18 m^2$	1
	(c) 1275 (d) 1235	
	(b) 1265 (a) 1275	
	(a) 1245 (b) 1265	
	participating in the sports are (CO5,K1)	
	school is 1:5. If the number of girls is 249, the number of boys	
1-i.	The ratio of number of girls and boys participating in sports of a	1
	(d) None of these	
	(c) flux	
	(b) Circulation	
	(a) Work done	
	(CO4, K1)	
I-h.	If $\vec{F}$ denotes velocity of fluid, then $\oint_{C} \vec{F} \cdot \vec{dr}$ represents	1

3. Answer any <u>five</u> of the following-

3-a. Obtain general solution of the differential equation 6

$$x^{2} \frac{d^{2}y}{dx^{2}} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 4 \cos(\log x)$$
 (CO1, K1)

3-b. Solve: 
$$\frac{dx}{dt} + 4x + 3y = t$$
,  $\frac{dy}{dt} + 2x + 5y = e^t$  (CO1,K2)

- 3-c. Test for convergence or divergence of the series  $1 + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{2^2}{3^3} + \frac{3^3}{4^4} + \cdots$  (CO2,K2)
- 3-d. Show that  $\int_0^\infty t^2 e^{-4t} \sin 2t \ dt = \frac{11}{500}$ . (CO3,K3)
- 3-e. Find the Laplace transform of  $\int_0^t \frac{\sin t}{t} dt$ . (CO3,K2)
- 3-f. Find the directional derivative of  $\emptyset = (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-1/2}$  at the point P(3,1,2) in the direction of vector  $yz\hat{\imath} + zx\hat{\jmath} + xy\hat{k}$ . (CO4,K2)
- 3-g. Rasik walked 20 m towards north. Then he turned right and walks 6 30 m. Then he turns right and walks 35 m. Then he turns left and walks 15 m. Finally, he turns left and walks 15 m. In which direction and how many metres is he from the starting position? (CO5,K1)

$$SECTION - C 50$$

4. Answer any one of the following-

4-a. Solve by changing the independent variable:  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + (3\sin x - \cot x)\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y\sin^2 x = e^{-\cos x}\sin^2 x$ (CO1,K3)

4-b. Solve by method of variation of parameters : 10  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - y = \frac{2}{1+e^x}$  (CO1,K3)

5. Answer any one of the following-

- 5-a. Test for convergence of series  $\frac{x}{1} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{1.3}{2.4} \cdot \frac{x^5}{5} + \frac{1.3.5}{2.4.6} \cdot \frac{x^7}{7} + \cdots$  (CO2,K2)
- 5-b. Find the Fourier Series for the function  $f(x) = x + x^2$ ,  $-\pi < 10$   $x < \pi$ . Hence Show that  $\frac{\pi^2}{6} = 1 + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{4^2} + \cdots$  (CO2,K3)
- 6. Answer any one of the following-

- 10 6-a. Use Convolution theorem to find  $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s^3(s^2+1)}\right\}$ (CO3,K2)6-b. Solve by Laplace transform;  $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 2\frac{dx}{dt} + 5x = e^{-t}sint$ , where 10 x(0) = 0, x'(0) = 1. (CO3,K3)7. Answer any one of the following-Verify Gauss's divergence theorem for  $\vec{F} = (2x - z)\hat{\imath} + x^2y\hat{\jmath} - x^2y\hat{\jmath}$ 7-a. 10  $xz^2$   $\hat{k}$  taken over the region bounded by x = 0, x = 1, y = 0, y = 01, z = 0, z = 1.(CO4,K3) Apply Stoke's theorem to evaluate 7-b. 10  $\int_{c} [(x+y) dx + (2x-z)dy + (y+z) dz], \text{ where C is the}$ boundary of the triangle with vertices (2,0,0),(0,3,0) and (0,0,6)(CO4,K3)8. Answer any one of the following-
- 8-a. (i)Two vessels contain milk and water in the ratio 3: 2 and 7: 3.
  Find the ratio in which the contents of the two vessels have to be mixed to get a new mixture in which the ratio of milk and water is 2: 1.
  (ii) The ratio of Rohan's age 4 years ago and Rahul's age after 4 years is 1: 1. If at present, the ratio of their ages is 5: 3, then find the ratio between Rohan's age 4 years hence and Rahul's age 4 years ago. (CO5,K1)
- 8-b. (i)A, B, C started a business with their investments in the ratio
  3:6:5. After 8 months, A invested the same amount as before and both B and C withdrew half of their investments. Find the ratio of their profits at the end of the year?

  (ii) A sum of money becomes Rs.6690 after three years and
  - Rs.10035 after 6 years on compound interest. Find the sum? (CO5,K1)